## WANTS OF THE PEOPLE. Wants, For Sale, For Rent, Help Wanted, etc., in this Department, four lines or less, 25c. 6rst insertion; for each subsequent insertion, 16c.

MONEY TO LOAN. MONEY TO LOAN ON WATCHES, DIA-monds, Jewelry, Pistols, Etc., at C. E. Ponteroy's Loan Office, 153 Main street. MONEY TO LOAN ON REAL ESTATE, IN sams to suit C. E. Pomeroy, Real Estate agent, 158 Main street.

AGENTS, ETC. W ANTED—GOOD INSURANCE SOLICITOR at once. Address Box 256, Salt Lake City.

W ANTED—IN ALL PARTS OF THE ROCKY Mountains, Good Agents, by the Home Accident Association. The Home is the Pioneer Accident Association in the West, and issues all it. its of Policies up to \$5,000.00 Death Benefits, and \$25.00 weekly indemnity. Over \$100,000 paid in losses. Wm. Glasmann, General Agent, Salt Lake City.

The Ground Covered by the Naval Appropriation Bill—River and

MISCELLANEOUS. BOALD AND LODGING MA WEEK, BOARD to a work at 66 East First North. W NG BROS. PIANOS. - PARTIES of purchasing Pianos would do



### KNIGHTS OF PYTHIAS.

CALANTHE LODGE NO. 5, K. OF P. - REG-ular conventions every Monday, at Castle Hall, Walker Opera House, at 7:30 p. m. Visiting Knights madewelcome. E. J. KING, C. C. L. C. SNEDAKER, K. of R, and S.

## ODD FELLOWS' LODGES.

UTAH LODGE NO. 1, L. O. O. F. - MEETS every Thursday, at 8:00 p. m., in Odd Fel-lows' Hall, Union Block, Sait Lake City. Odd Fellows in good standing are invited to attend. PARKEE NORTON, N. G.

J. J. THOMAS, Secretary.

ALT LAKE LODGE NO. 2. I. O. O. F.—
Meets every Friday, at 7:30 p. m., in Odd
Fellows' Hall, Union Block. Odd Fellows in
good standing are invited to attend.
OSCAR KLETTING, N. G.
C. W. A. SCHNELL, Secretary.

C. W. A. SCHNELL, Secretary.

ORDAN LODGE NO. S. I. O. O. F.—MEETS
over Monday, at 8:90 p. m., in Odd Fellows' Hall, Union Block. Odd Fellows in good standing are invited to attend.

GEO. WINSNASS, N. G.

H. F. Evans, Secretary.

DidGELY LODGE NO. 9, L. O. O. F.—MEETS
over Wednesday, at 7:30 p. m., in Odd Fellows' Hall, Union Block. Visiting brothers made welcome.

W. M. CLARK Secretary.

W. M. CLARK Secretary. W. M. CLARK, Secretary.

## PROFESSIONAL CARDS

( PEO, THACKRAH,

Accountant, Salt Lake City, Utah. P. O. Box 694. J. L. WHYTOCK, D.D.S. A. S. CHAPMAN. CHAPMAN & WHYTOCK,

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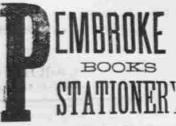
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EXPERIENCED BARKEEPERS AND POLITE Private Drinking and Smoking Rooms.
All of the modern appointments of a First-

Legislative Hopper.

River and Harbor Bill Conference Re-

Harbor Bill Itemized.

The wind Bros Pianos.—Parties

New to General Pianos, before purchasing elsewhere. Croe. 29 E. Pirat South St.

New to Cows Constantly on Name and the pair of E. H. Paraons, or at Provide each and the skillfully treated. Lameness located and treated flories with operated upon Gives are perfect digestion. It seases of Horses and Cattle skillfully treated. Lameness located and treated flories with operated upon Gives are perfect digestion, at means health. Thirty years practical experience, and understands his business the againty Day patrons can call up any hour of the alght. Telephone 58. All veterinary medic he kept on hand. Veterinary hand he had h

### THE CONGRESSIONAL RUSH.

The Senate.

Washington, March 2.—On motion of Dawes, the House bill to grant a right of way through the Indian Territory to the Chicago, Kansas & Nebraska railway was taken from the calendar and passed.

On motion of Platt, the House bill to annex a portion of Idaho to Washington Territory, was taken from the calendar and Territory, was taken from the calendar and passed with amendments. A conference was asked on the amendments. Senator Platt inquired of Senator Hoar

was asked on the amendments.

Senator Platt inquired of Senator Hoar the meaning and purport of the report made this morning from the Committee on Privileges and Elections in the case of Senator-elect Turpie of Indiana.

Mr. Hoar replied that under the general rule of the Senate the functions of that committee expire with the Congress, and all its papers are returned to the Senate and placed on file. The credentials of Turpie had to be returned by the committee without action. They had until noon of the fourth day of March. Acting under the operation of that general rule, the same thing would have then happened which had happened this morning, that is, the papers would have gone on the files of the Senate and the committee would have been discharged from their further consideration. The only alternative to that course would have been an assumption by the committee or by the Senate at the present session to deal with the credentials of the gentleman claiming to be the Senator-elect before the time had arrived for the beginning of his term and before he had presented himself. The Senate was a continuing body, and it was therefore, possible that it might be The Senate was a continuing body, and it was, therefore, possible that it might be within its Constitutional power to deterne, in advance, the right of a Senator to his seat, but it would be a violation of all Constitutional precedents, and it would be, in his judgment, a violation of the sense of ustice and propriety of the Senate and the

American people.

The conference report was then agreed to A recess was then taken until 8 o'clock.

EVENING SESSION. When the Senate resumed its session, the Deficiency bill was reported from the House, read a first and second time (Mr. Edmunds

read a first and second time (Mr. Edmunds not being present) and referred to the Com-mittee on Appropriations.

The bill for ascertaining and settling pri-vate land claims in New Mexico, Arizona and Colorado (which was pending when the recess was taken) was again taken up. After a long discussion the bill was amended so as to make it applicable to other States and Territories, and was passed without division. A conference was asked. THE OLD CLAIMS BILL.

The Senate then took up the House bill The Senate then took up the House bill for the allowance for claims reported by the accounting officers of the United States treasury Department. The bill was ordered printed. There are ninety-three pages, giving the names of the several claimants and the amount due to each, the majority being for quite small sums. They are chiefly for quartermasters and commissaries stores being for quite simal same. They are to for quartermasters and commissaries stores taken by the army during the war in Missouri, West Virginia, Kentucky, Maryland and some portions of Tennessee. There having been some 58,000 such claims filed

and some portions of Tennessee. There having been some 55,000 such claims filed under the act of July 4, 1864.

Mr. Sherman denounced the law which required these small claims, after being allowed by the Treasury, to be passed upon by Congress, necessitating the employment of attorneys, who exacted fees of 30, 40 and 50 per cent. He argued that they should be paid, not to the attorneys, but directly to the claimants. He moved to strike from the amendment reported by the committee the clauss which makes the drafts payable to the order of claimants but deliverable to the attorneys or agents who have filed powers of attorney.

Mr. Harris moved to amend that provision so as to leave the Treasury Department to act in the matter of payment under its own rules and regulations.

Sherman assented to that position, and the bill was then passed without division and a conference was asked.

The Legislative Appropriation bill was received from the House, read a first and second time (Edmunds not being present) and referred to the Committee on Appropriations.

Resolutions, in memory of Messrs, Arnold,

ations.
Resolutions, in memory of Mesars, Arnold, Beach and Dowdney, Representatives from the State of New York, were presented. Miller addressed the Senate in memory of

Alter andressed the School Arnold.

Blackburn also enlogized Arnold.

Like resolutions, referring to the death of the late Representative Price. of Wisconsin. were presented by Spooner, who addressed the Senate.

The resolutions were severally adopted.

The Conference report on the River and Harbor bill was agreed to—yeas 177, Peel, of Arkansas, submitted a conference report on the Indian Appropriation bill and it was agreed to.

Burnes, of Missouri, moved to suspend the rules and pass the Deficiency Appropria-

Another hour was consumed in the read-

Another hour was consumed in the reading of this measure.
Cannon, of Illinois, said if the bill were up for consideration in the ordinary way, he would move to recommit it. It was not before the House upon a report that was either proper or courteous to the minority of the committee. Yesterday for the first time he saw the report. It had never been submitted to the committee, but if it emanated from any person but the gentleman from Missouri (Burnes,) he was ignorant of that fact. The bill appropriated about \$3,500,000. In the main he concurred in its recommendations. It was conspicuous

PUSHING THINGS.

for what was not in it. It omitted an appropriation of \$2,000,000 for services rendered by the Central Pacific Railroad Company over the 2,000 miles of its leased line. The Supreme Court had held that that sum was due and payable by the Government. He was not here to make a plea for the Central Pacific but only to call attention to the fact that potwithstanding the congress Will Issue an tention to the fact that notwithstanding this decision of the highest tribunal in the land the Committee on Appropriations

land the Committee on Appropriations exercising sovereign power to repudiate the obligations of the Government had refused to make the appropriation.

The report of the committee stated that in the suit upon which judgment was rendered the equities were not presented. The case had been prepared by a Democratic Attorney-General, and if that officer by fraud, collusion or ignorance failed to do his duty, the gentleman from Missouri should have moved articles of impeachment. Burnes, of Missouri, in response to Cannon's criticism said, that while the report had not been formally presented to the committee, it had been approved informally by the members of the majority, and had been printed for one week. As far as the obligations of the Government were concerned, he would never vote to repudiate them, but he contended that while the Central Pacific owed the Government \$60,000,000, the Government had a right to take \$2,000,000 and hold it in the Treasury to the credit of the company until the day of settlement came. Patent frand had been committed by the company, and it was easy to turn to facts and circumstances that before a jury would convict every member of that corporation who had participated in fore a jury would convict every member of that corporation who had participated in its management for the last ten years of conduct that would make him better fitted

conduct that would make him better fitted for the cell of a prison house than for the chamber of statesmen.

The motion to suspend the rules was agreed to and the bill was passed with an amendment appropriating \$27,000 for print-ing and finishing additional silver certifi-cates and legal tender notes of the denomi-nation of \$1 and \$2.

nation of \$1 and \$2.

Holman moved to suspend the rules and put upon its passage the Legislative Appropriation bill priation bill.

The House passed the Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation bills under a suspension of the rules.

The Legislative Appropriation bill passed by a vote of 138 to 44.

Mr. Morrison, of Illinois, called up the onference report on the fractional gallon

Mr. Butterworth, of Ohio, raised a ques-tion of consideration, and the House refused (yeas 101, pays 142) to consider the confer-

weak int, hays 142 to consider the conterence report.

Mr. Belmont, of New York, presented a
conference report on the Fisheries Retaliatory bill, announcing a disagreement.

Mr. Rice, of Massachussetts, called upon
the members of the House to rise above
party considerations and take action which
would sustain the Administration in the
ments and able American position that it would sustain the Administration in the manly and able American position that it had taken on this subject. He moved that the House recede from its amendments to the Senate bill.

Pending action the House took a recess till 8 o'clock, the evening session to be devoted to the consideration of the bridge bills.

A large number of bills were passed au-thorizing the construction of bridges.

THE NAVAL APPROPRIATION. The aggregate increase to the Naval Appropriation bill by the Senate Committee on Appropriations is between twenty and twenty-two millions, but inasmuch as the largest expenditure covers a period of five years it is estimated that the additional appropriation for the next fiscal year will not exceed six millions, which will raise the aggregate expenditure for the year to beaggregate expenditure for the year to be-tween \$31,000,000 and \$32,000,000. The Senate Committee strikes out the House pro-vision of \$2,740,000 for two steel cruisers vision of \$2,749,000 for two steel cruisers and substitutes an appropriation of \$9,000,000 for six protected steel cruisers and \$1,200,000 to pay premiums for extra speed of the same. It also appropriated \$2,880,000 for the armament of these vessels. An appropriation \$6,000,000 is made for the construction of heavily armed vessels, floating batteries and rams, and of \$2,000,000 for their armament; \$800,000 is appropriated for the construction of light-draft gunboats, \$720,000 for torpedo boats, \$600,000 for torpedoes and torpedo appliances, \$112,000 for the purchase of the Destroyer and \$10,000 for the equipment of vessels is increased \$100,000; that for the purchase of a proving ground is increased \$20,000, and that for rebuilding the wharves at the Boston Navy Yard is increased \$25,000. The

ton Navy Yard is increased \$25,000. The appropriation for the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing is decreased \$30,000. NOMINATIONS. The President sent the following nomina tions to-day to the Senate:

To be Assistant Adjutants-General with the rank of Colonel, William D. Whipple and Channeey McKeever. To be Assistant Adjutants-General with the rank of Lieutenants-Colonel, Major Oliver D. Greene, Major Samuel Breek, Major Henry C. Wood and Major James P.

The changes made in the River and Harbor Appropriation bill, as compared with the measure passed by the Senate are with two exceptions reductions. The principal items changed stand as follows in the bill accepted by the House:

Harbors, \$225,000 — Buffalo, New York, \$75,000; Humboldt, California, \$70,000; Yaquina Bay, Oregon, \$125,000; Calcumbia, Oregon, \$223,000; Columbia, Oregon, \$2000; Columbia, Oregon, \$175,000; the Mississippi from the mouth of the Illinois River to the mouth of the Ohio, \$1,400,000; the Mississippi River below the mouth of the Ohio—

The chippawa indians.

The result of the negotiations between the Interior Department and the Chippewa Indians of Minnesots looking to a modification of existing treaties and changes of reservation, was to-day submitted to the House by the Secretary of the Interior. The Secretary says he has no doubt the Commission made the best terms possible with the Indians, and while the agreements may not be entirely satisfactory, the interest of the Indians seem to have been well considered and cared for. Therefore, he thinks the treaties should be ratified, and if this is done it will, in his opinion, afford the means for opening up a large tract of country in a way which will enable the Indians, as well as the United States, to benefit therefrom. THE CHIPPAWA INDIANS.

THE WEIL L'ABBA CLAIM. Senator Morgan yesterday introduced resolutions requesting the President to suspend further payments in the Weil and L'Abra claims against Mexico until the question of fraud in obtaining awards shall have been fully investigated.

Extra Edition.

The Foolish Son of a Rich Father. Victimized by a New York Adventuress.

The Senatorial Fight in New Jersey-Newfoundland Agitating Annexation to the U. S.

Bleeding Kansas. Dennes, March 2.—For some months past very hard feeling has existed between the citizens of Leoti and Conorad, two small towns in Wallace county, Kansas, over the location of the county seat. The seat of the county government is now lossted at the latter place, and the citizens of the former are attempting to have it moved to their town. This hard feeling often leads to rows and knock-downs when the citizens of one village would visit the other, but with no fatal results until yesterday afternoon at 3 fatal results until yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock, when Frank Jonness, A. N. Barry, Geo. Watkins, Emmet Deerming, Charles Coulter, Bill Rains and a man named John-Geo. Watkins, Emmet Deerming, Charles Coulter, Bill Rains and a man named Johnson left Leoti for Coronad. Upon entering the town in a wagon, they noticed a suspicious movement among some of the citizens who were standing on the pavement in front of the stores. Coulter, Rains and Johnson sprang from the wagon and reached for their revolvers. No somer had the men touched the ground than the party in front of the stores poured a volley from six-shooters into the men, instantly killing Coulter, Rains and Johnson, and wounding Jonness, Barry and Watkins so that recovery is impossible. During the fight Deerming escaped from the town, and has not yet been heard from. It is not known whether he wounded or not. After the killing the bodies of the dead men were left lying in the street, no one being allowed to remove them until nearly midnight, when they were taken to the hotel and are being cared for. None of the murderers have yet been arrested, and it seems that no officer in the county has any desire to attempt the task. The two towns are only two miles apart, and further trouble is anticipated between the citizens. As they are located twenty miles from a railroad or telegraph line, the latest news from there has not been received. line, the latest news from there has not been

New York, March 2.—The suit of Mary King, or Minnie Clark, who nowealls herself Mary Kitson, for divorce from Heroules Kittson, son of Commodore N. W. Kittson, a steamboat man and stock-raiser, begun yesterday in the Supreme Court. Plaintiff is a woman of about 30 years of age. Young Kittson has just attained his majority. Plaintiff asserts that they were married April 25, 1885. She declares that he abandoned her on July 5, 1885, hence the suit. Young Kittson denies all knowledge of the marriage, and says, if performed at all, it was while he was intoxicated. He almits being at her house, and says she made him drink until intoxicated. He says he did not know that he was married until one day in June, 1885, he met her on the street. She More Money Than Bruins. June, 1885, he met her on the street. She then informed him of the affair. He says that she has been guilty of adultery with other men. She makes counter charges, and further alleges that he has not contributed to her support since July, 1885.

The woman was th deposed that she had been corresponding with Hercules Kittson since 1882. He wanted her to marry him in 1883, but she teld him he was foolish. On April 28, 1885, he came to her house with a man named Spillane and asked her again to marry him. Her housekeeper, Lizzio, then went for Dr. Underhill, at the Little Church 'Round the Underhill, at the Little Church 'Round the Corner. They were then married. Lizzie stood up with the couple. The ceremony was on Saturday at 9:30 a. m., April 25th. Witness explained everything to Kittson and told him of her relations with Mr. Spillane. Mr. Kittson was sober at the time. Mr. Kittson stayed at the house until 1 or 2 o'clock. He had never supported witness since. Lizzie got the marriage certificate on the following Sunday. Witnesses maiden name was Mary King. She never kept house under the name tof Mary Clark or Warren, but said that Spillane was her friend and that she had lived with him. Spillane was a barkeeper. Witness admitted unfaithfulness with Spillane since Spillane was a barkeeper. Witness admitted unfaithfulness with Spillane since her alleged marriage to Kittson.

Much of the evidence was of a character

unfit for publication.

The Italian Earthquake. Martin.

Nay Captain James H. Gillis to be Commodore.

Commander James O. Kane to be Captain.

Lieutenant-Commander John McGowan to be Commander.

The President has approved the following acts of Congress:

Granting a right of way to the Prescott & Arizona Central Railway Company across the Whipple Barracks Reservation in Arizona; to authorize the Fremont, Eikhorn & Missouri Valley Railway to build its road across Fort Meade Military Reservation.

RIVER AND HARBOR BILL.

The changes made in the River and Harbor Appropriation bill, as compared with the measure passed by the Senate are with the measure passed by the Senate are with the measure passed by the Senate are with the measure passed by the Monse.

Harbors, \$225,000 — Buffalo, New York, 175,000; Humboldt, California, \$70,000; Yagian Bay, Oregon, \$225,000; Cascades of he Columbia, Oregon, \$225,000; Cascades of he Columbia, Oregon, \$225,000; Clascades of he Columbia, Oregon, \$200,000; Clower Williapaette, Oregon, and the Arizona of the Probabilities.

London, March 2.—A fisherman in the harbor the heat usual, Intuitively feeling the earthquake, the sea had reacted a complete agreement. The House conferees and the practical probabilities.

London, March 2.—A fisherman in the harbor the heat usual. Intuitively feeling the earthquake, the sea had reacted and more than usual. Intuitively feeling the english on the bay.

The inhabitants of Oneglis complain that the whole of the night prescue death and the whole of the principal complete agreement. The House conferees adopt the Senate are London, March 2.—A fisherman in the harbor of Genoa says that on the night pre-

Washington, March 2.—Senator Allison, Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations, who was still engaged with other conferees on the Sundry Civil bill, said to a reporter of the Associated Press that the prospect of getting through the necessary work on the appropriation bills, and thus avoiding the necessity of a called session; amounted to quite a probability. The Naval bill would be taken up by the Senate to-morrow, and would be passed in conference during the day. The Legislative and Deficiency bills had this evening reached the Senate, and the Committee on Appropriations, by continuous work, might get them before the Senate Wednesday night or Thursday night. Probably no attempt would be made to pass a new fortification bill, that of last year being still incomplete. The conference report on the Sundry Civil bill would probably be before the committee tonight. Notwithstanding, he added, it is in the power of any member of either house to so delay matters as to make an extra session probable.

The New Jersey Legislature. Extra Session Probabilities.

Solutions requesting the President to suspend further payments in the Weil and L'Abra claims against Mexico until the question of fraud in obtaining awards shall have been fully investigated.

BYES AND HARBOR BILL.

The conference report on the River and Harbor bill has been adopted by the Senate.

The bill now goes to the President for signature.

The conferees on the Diplomatic and Consular bill have reached an agreement. The bill stands practically as it was passed by the Senate.

The bill stands practically as it was passed by the Senate.

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8, Erastus Potter (Labor) 2, Ludlow (Demo-crat) 1, Kays (Democrat) 7, Phelps (Re-publican) 3, Coloy (Republican) 1. Five Republicans voted for Bedle and five for Kays. All the Republicans voted.

New York, March 2.—A special from Halifax says: "The address of the Newfoundland legislature to the Imperial Government has produced a sensation; if it is not a declaration of independence it is the next thing to it. Newfoundlanders tell the Imperial Government that they own their fisheries and they do not propose to pay the slightest heed to French or American interests, or to brook any interference from the Imperial Government. The situation is so serious that both Premier Thornburn and Sir Ambrose Shea, the leader of the opposition, have gone to London to represent the dangerons character of the prevailing feeling in Newfoundland. Meanwhile, the press and people are universally discussing the benefits of annexation to the United States. Augthing would be better than the present state of affairs and it annexation were submitted to a popular vote, it would be carried by a three-fourths majority. Newfoundland Means Business. fourths majority.

The Printers' Strike. MILWAUKEE, Mich., March 2.-The strike

MILWAUKEE, Mich., March 2.—The strike of the printers which took place here yesterday was the largest that has ever occurred in thiscity. It includes all the compositors employed on three English daily papers and all those in the job offices with one exception. About 250 printers are out. The newspaper publishers have signed an agreement pledging themselves to stand by each other and by the new men they employ. They have made arrangements with the Printers' Protective Fraternity and expect to have an adequate number before the to have an adequate number before the close of the week. That organization ad-mits to membership all non-union men emploved in printing offices. The result of the strike will probably be to break up the present Typographical Union here, which for years past has controlled most of the

French Protests. London, March 2.—The Colonial Secretary has sent a dispatch to the Governor of Newfoundland informing him that the home government does not feel justified in disregarding the strong protests of France against restrictions at this late period, which are calculated to inflict great loss upon French fishermen, and is therefore unable to allow the bill passed by the Newfoundland legislature in relation to fisheries to operate this season. The Secretary says that government thoroughly understands that the French bounties are a grave disadvantage to British fishermen, but still it is not shown that British fisheries are unresembled. LONDON, March 2.-The Colonial Secretary

Youngstown, O., March 2.—All freight brakemen on the New York, Pennsylvania & Ohio Railway, of the yard and road crews, struck this morning, and freight traffic on the line is entirely suspended. The employes had a meeting last evening, and were informed that Superintendent O'Brien had given instructions to enforce the order of taking the third brakeman off of each crew, and acting upon this information the crew, and acting upon this information the men decided to quit work. They assert that when the strike was settled last fall, it was agreed that each crew should have the

Presidential Approvals. Washington, March 2.—The conferees on in the District of Columbia Appropriation bill have disagreed and will so report to the two houses. The points at issue are with reference to schools. The Diplomatic and Consular Appropriations bill has been agreed on in conference.

The President to-day approved the Military Academy Appropriation bill, an act to organize the hospital corps of the United States and an act in regard to importation

of mackerel during spawning season. The House Recedes. Washington, March 2.—The House resumed consideration of conference report on fisheries retaliatory bil and after discursion agreed, yeas 149, nays 134, to recede from amendments to the Senate retaliatory bill.

Washington, March 2.—2 p. m.—The House has laid upon the table the motion to House has laid upon the table the motion to reconsider the vote by which the House receded from its amendments to the Senate retaliatory bill. This passes the bill in the shape in which it passed the Senate.

German Elections. Berlin, March 2. -The second ballots for members of the Reichstag in the districts where the candidates failed to receive ma-

where the candidates failed to receive majorities on the first election day, took place to-day. The contest in each district is between the two candidates who received the highest number of votes in the original polling. The returns have already been received from Lubeck and Waldenburg of the result of the balloting in those places. Both lasted National Liberals. elected National Liberals. An Agreement Reached.

Police Mobbed.

Dublin, March 2.—A mob at Ballyhoune's attacked a force of police last evening and rescued some prisoners whom they had in charge. The mob stoned the police and partially wrecked the barracks. The police fired a number of shots at the crowd but without hitting any one. Several policemen were injured by the stones.

Adversely Reported. Washnortos, March 2.—The Senate Committee on the District of Columbia, at a special and very short meeting this morning, voted to report adversely upon the nomination of James M. Trotter, of Boston, the colored man nominated to be Recorder of Deeds for that district.

Want It Repealed. Providence, R. I., March 2.—A petition from merchants and business men of Provi-dence representing about \$40,000,000, is to be presented by the General Assembly to-day asking for the repeal of the prohibitory

Beatin, March 2.—The North German Gazette says the people of Alsace-Lorraine elected protesters to the Reichstag because they feared the French would retaliate in the event of war between Germany and France if annexation candidates were re-

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS.

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Grand Spring Opening

## HATS!

We Have Received the Latest in Stiff and Soft HATS!

Our Stock of Shirts, Collars and Cuffs, SPRING UNDERWEAR AND HOSIERY Is the Largest and Best Assorted in the "West."

NEW NECKWEAR ARRIVING EVERY TEN DAYS. HANNAMAN & CO., 142 Main Street.

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Maria The

## WALKER BROS. Co.

### METROPOLITAN HOTEL. $T_{HE}$ METROPOLITAN HOTEL.

THE ABOVE WELL-KNOWN HOUSE IS REOPENED AS

FIRST CLASS FAMILY HOTEL Refurnished Throughout. SINGLE AND EN SUITE. ELEGANT ROOMS.

O'BRIEN & SMALLS.

BEEF, MUTTON, PORK, ETC.

## A Revelation Among the Butchers! STAMPEDE IN BEEF CIRCLES!

Beef, Mutton and Pork for Cash Only! PRIME PORTERHOUSE AND TENDERLOIN STEAK, per pound, 12% cents PRIME ROAST ROUND STEAK CHUCK STEAK BOILING BEEF, Best Cuts LEGS AND LOINS OF MUTTON MUTTON CHOPS. BREAST OR NECK OF MUTTON

PORK CHOPS AND LOINS ...

ROAST OF PORK, AND SAUSAGE All of the above a Special Reduction for Cash, Without Delivery, by G. D. AMOS,

CORNER THIRD SOUTH AND MAIN STREETS.

# Boots and Shoes!

COME AND SEE OUR BARGAINS

Ladies'. Gents'. Misses' and Children's SHOES. Job Lots, Single Pairs, Shop Worn, ALL CHEAP!

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